CLAIMS

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1 1	A mathad	committeence
1 1.	A IIICUIOU	comprising

- 2 in connection with a mobile wireless subnetwork including
- 3 multiple radio network controllers and multiple radio nodes,
- 4 associating a session established for an access terminal with a
- 5 serving radio network controller,
- 6 maintaining the association as the access terminal moves
- 7 from the coverage area of one radio node to the coverage area of
- 8 another radio node within the same subnetwork, and
- 9 routing access channel packets from an access terminal
- 10 having an existing session to the serving radio network controller
- by determining the IP address of the serving radio network
- 12 controller using a session identifier.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the routing is performed by
- 2 an RN.
- 1 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the routing is performed by
- 2 a broker radio network controller in the subnetwork.
- 1 4. The method of claim 3 also including, in an RN,
- 2 forwarding a received access channel packet to the broker radio
- 3 network controller.
- 1 5. The method of claim 3 wherein the serving radio network
- 2 controller and the broker radio network controller are connected by
- a high-speed LAN.

- 1 6. The method of claim 4 wherein the serving radio network
- 2 controller and the broker radio network controller are connected by
- 3 a high-speed LAN.
- 1 7. The method of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, wherein the session
- 2 identifier comprises the Universal Access Terminal Identifier
- 3 (UATI) of the IS-856 standard.
- 1 8. The method of claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7, also including
- 2 routing by the radio node of packets received from an access
- 3 terminal without an existing session to a default RNC with whom
- 4 the radio node is associated.
- 1 9. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein a radio node receives
- 2 paging requests from more than one radio network controller.
- 1 10. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein a radio node receives
- 2 forward link traffic channel packets from more than one radio
- 3 network controller.
- 1 11. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein a radio node sends
- 2 reverse link traffic channel packets to more than one radio network
- 3 controller.
- 1 12. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein traffic channel radio
- 2 resources are managed in the radio nodes and a radio network
- 3 controller requests radio resources from a radio node before adding
- 4 any of its sectors to a traffic channel.
- 1 13. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein said radio network
- 2 controllers reside in different locations and are connected via a
- 3 metropolitan-area network.

- 1 14. The method of claim 1, 2 or 3, in which the session
- 2 association is transferred from one radio network controller in one
- 3 subnetwork to another radio network controller in another
- 4 subnetwork based upon a predetermined criterion.
- 1 15. The method of claim 14 wherein the session transfer is
- 2 triggered by the access terminal upon detection of a subnet change.
- 1 16. The method of claim 12 wherein the session transfer is
- 2 triggered by the network.
- 1 17. The method of claim 1, 2 or 3 also including
- 2 at the serving radio network controller, selecting a packet
- data serving node to serve the access terminal.
- 1 18. The method of claim 1 also including
- at the serving radio network controller, using a mobility
- 3 manager to maintain a current position of the access terminal.
- 1 19. The method of claims 1, 3, 4, 5 or 6 also including using an
- 2 RNC Resource Control Agent to assign sessions to radio network
- 3 controllers.
- 1 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the RNC Resource
- 2 Control Agent resides on a separate server.
- 1 21. The method of claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein an RNC Resource
- 2 Control Agent also determines the association between the RN's
- 3 and their default RNC's.

- 1 22. The method of claims 19 wherein the RNC Resource
- 2 Control Agent also performs load balancing in assigning sessions
- 3 to radio network controllers.
- 1 23. The method of claims 19, wherein the RNC Resource
- 2 Control Agent also selects a new RNC in network-initiated
- 3 dormant handoffs.
- 1 24. The method of claim 19, wherein the Radio Resource
- 2 Control Agent function is distributed among the radio network
- 3 controllers and radio nodes, and the radio network controllers and
- 4 the radio nodes continuously communicate resource information to
- 5 each other to enable individual network nodes to make session
- 6 assignment decisions on their own.
- 1 25. The method of claim 19, wherein the Radio Resource
- 2 Control Agent also maintains session information for all sessions
- 3 under its control.
- 1 26. The method of claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein the radio network
- 2 controllers also include a PDSN function.
- 1 27. The method of claim 26, wherein the PDSN function
- 2 includes the Simple IP, Mobile IP and AAA client functions.
- 1 28. Apparatus comprising
- a radio node in a mobile wireless subnetwork that includes
- 3 multiple radio network controllers and multiple radio nodes,
- 4 the radio node being configured to route access channel
- 5 packets from an access terminal having an existing session to a

- 6 serving radio network controller by determining the IP address of
- 7 the serving radio network controller using a session identifier.
- 1 29. The apparatus of claim 28 in which the radio node is also
- 2 configured to forward a received access channel packet to the
- 3 broker radio network controller.
- 1 30. The apparatus of claim 28 in which the session identifier
- 2 includes the Universal Access Terminal Identifier (UATI) of the
- 3 IS-856 standard.
- 1 31. The apparatus of claim 28 in which the radio node is also
- 2 configured to route packets received from an access terminal
- 3 without an existing session to a default RNC with whom the radio
- 4 node is associated.
- 1 32. The apparatus of claim 28 in which the radio node is
- 2 configured to receive paging requests from more than one radio
- 3 network controller.
- 1 33. The apparatus of claim 28 in which the radio node is
- 2 configured to receive forward link traffic channel packets from
- 3 more than one radio network controller
- 1 34. The apparatus of claim 28 in which the radio node is
- 2 configured to send reverse link traffic channel packets to more than
- 3 one radio network controller.